

FRAMING OF THE INDIAN

CONSTITUTION

Freedom struggle movement

* Demand of Constitution
* In 1934 the idea of a Constituent Assembly was put forward by MN Roy.
* In 1935, the Indian National Congress (INC) for the first time, officially demanded a Constituent Assembly to frame the Constitution of India.
* In 1938, Jawaharlal Nehru, on behalf of the INC declared that the Constitution of free India must be framed, without outside interference
* The demand was finally accepted by the British Government and in 1942 sir Stafford Cripps, a member of the cabinet came to India with a draft proposal of the British Government on the framing of an independent constitution. The proposal was rejected by Muslim League.

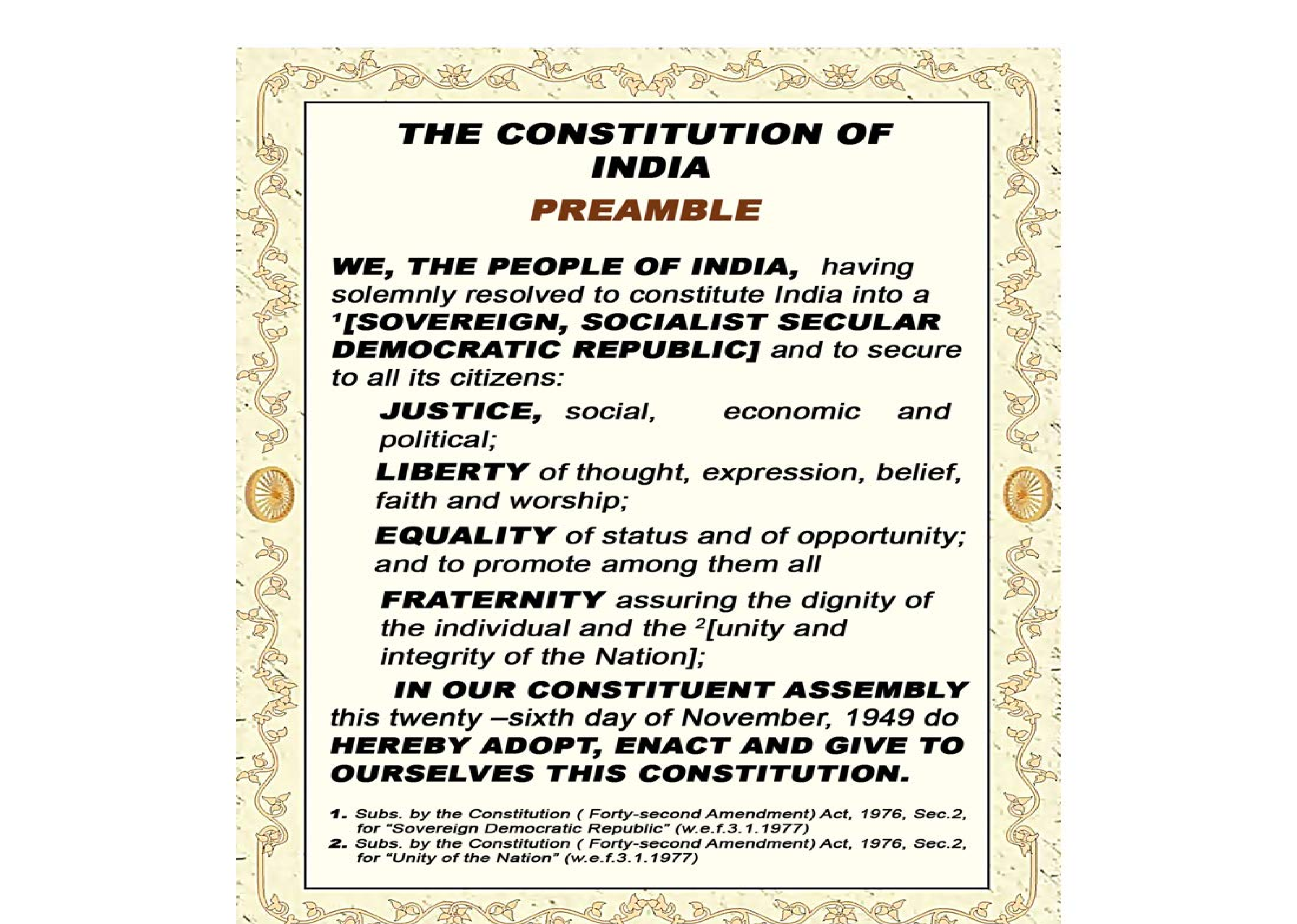
* CAacbcoinret Mission wa…su e.s.ne tn At tsos eInmdbialy. was dingly, Constit

constituted and its first meeting held on 9th Dec, 1946

* Nehru on Dec 13, 1946 moved the historic Objective Resolution in the Assembly. It laid the fundamental and philosophy of the Constitutional structure.
* Formation of Drafting Committee
* Impact of Foreign Constitutions

On 26~~t~~~~h~~ November, 1949 Constitution of

India adopted

Preamble of the Indian Constitution

# Fundamental Rights (Article 12-35)



# Rights to Equality (14-18)



# Rights to liberty (Article 19-22)



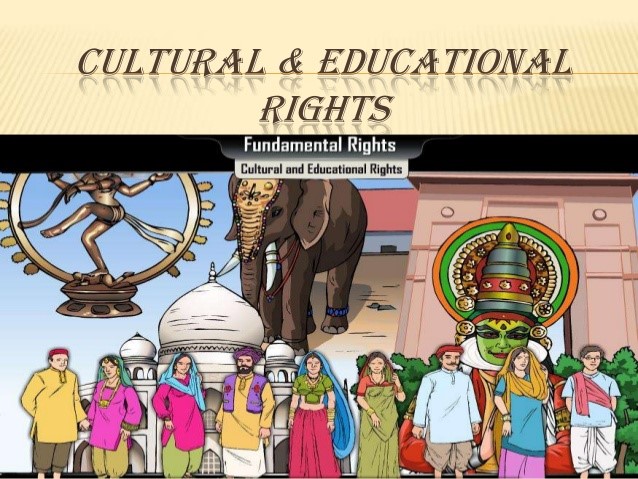
# (Article 23-24)



# Article (25-28)



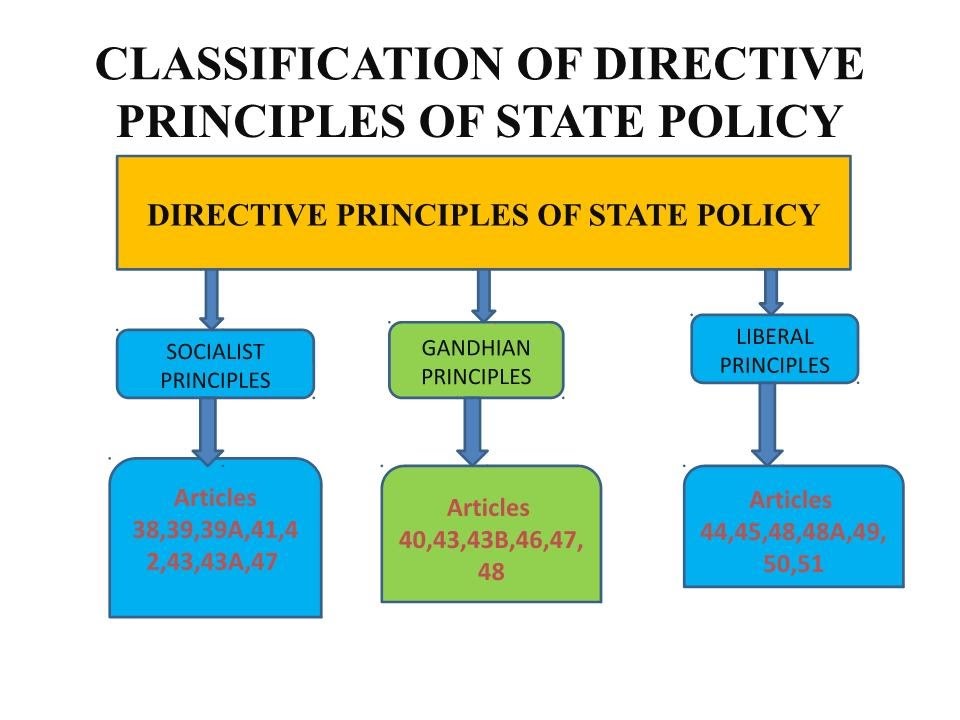
# Article 29-30



# Article 32



Directive Principle of State Policy



 In 2002 by 86th

Constitutional amendments, last duty included in the list i.e. Duty to all parents to send their children in

the age group of 6-14 years to school.

Structure of the Government

•

•

•

E

x

e

c

u

t

i

v

e

L

e

g

i

s

l

a

t

u

r

e

J

u

d

i

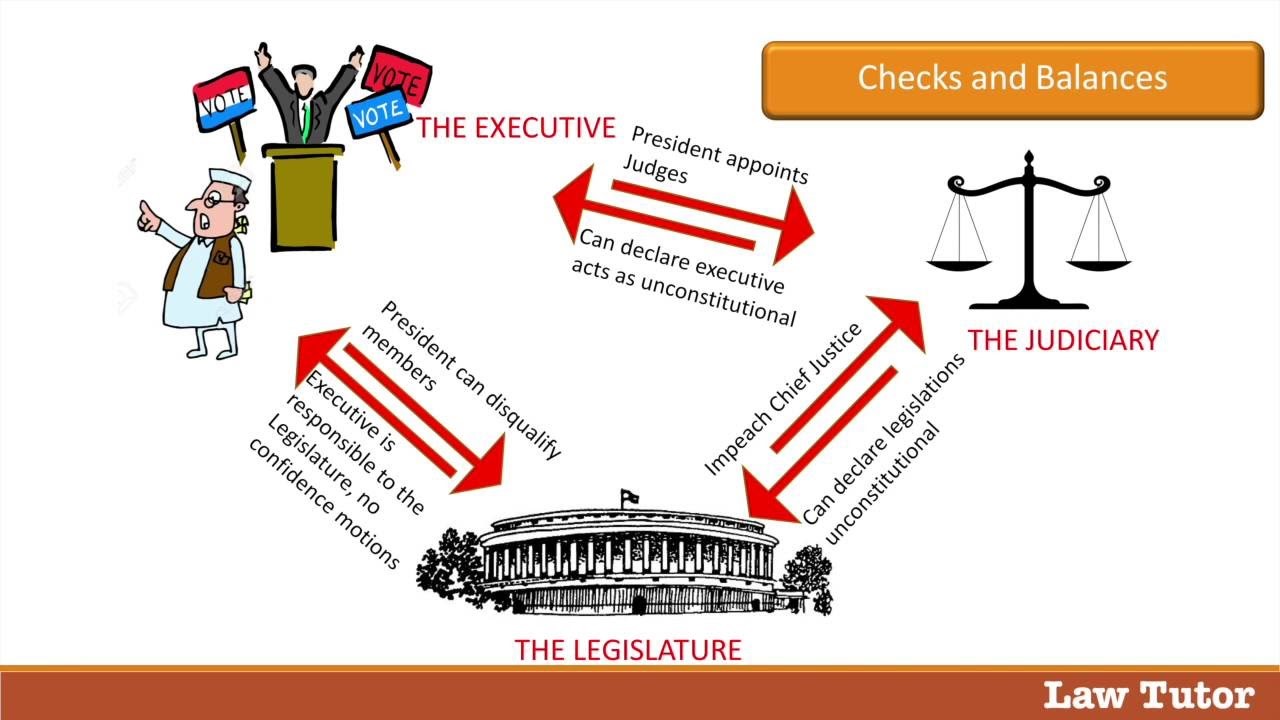
c

i

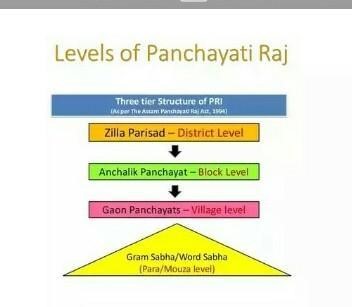
a

r

y



# Decentralization



Federal nature of the Indian

Constitution

* Written Constitution
* Dual government
* Division of power
* Independent judiciary
* Bicameral legislature

Unitary nature of the Indian

Constitution

* Strong center
* Single constitution
* Single citizenship
* Emergency provisions

ARTICLES ~~:~~ 448 PARTS ~~:~~ 25

SCHEDULES :12 ……

PROUD TO BE AN INDIAN

# JAI HIND

BONTI HAZARIKA

M.N.C. BALIKA MAHAVIDYALAYA, NALBARI