Total number of printed pages-4

1 (Sem-2) COA

2025

COMPUTER APPLICATION

Paper: COA0200404

(Database Management System)

Full Marks: 45

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions as directed: $1 \times 5 = 5$
 - (a) Which of these is an advantage of database system?
 - (i) Data abstraction
 - (ii) Program-data independence
 - (iii) Centralized data management
 - (iv) All of the above
 - (b) The person who has the central control over data and application programs is ______. (Fill in the blank)

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Contd.

(c)	The	mode	l is an	ех	ten	sion	of
	the relationa	al data	model				
			(Fill	in	the	blar	ık)

- (d) Which of the following clauses is used to restrict groups returned by the GROUP By clause?
 - (i) DISTINCT
 - (ii) WHERE
 - (iii) EXISTS
 - (iv) HAVING
- (e) A functional-dependency is a relationship between _____.

 (Fill in the blank)
- 2. Answer **any five** questions from the following: 2×5=10
 - (a) What is a file-processing system?
 - (b) What is SQL? What are the characteristics of SQL?
 - (c) What are the different types of database users who interact with the database system?
 - (d) Explain mapping in three-schema architecture.
 - (e) Define Normalization.
 - (f) What is database schema? Explain with the help of an example.

- (g) Give two characteristics of relation.
- (h) Explain briefly about referential integrity constraints.
- (i) Explain the difference between candidate keys and super keys.
- (j) Briefly describe conceptual data modeling.
- 3. Answer **any four** questions from the following: 5×4=20
 - (a) Who is a database administrator (DBA)? What are the various responsibilities of a DBA?
 - (b) Explain the three-level architecture of DBMS with the help of an example. Mention its advantages also.
 - (c) Define the term entity. What is the difference between tangible and non-tangible entity?
 - (d) Define the term relationship. Illustrate the difference between relationship type and relationship instance.
 - (e) What do you understand by the term "degree of a relationship"? Explain with the help of an example.

- (f) What is BCNF in normalization? Explain.
- (g) Which operator of SQL is used to specify string patterns in the queries? Explain in detail with examples.
- (h) Write the difference between interactive SQL and Embedded SQL.
- 4. Answer **any one** question from the following: 10×1=10
 - (a) What are the main differences between a file processing system and a database system?
 - (b) Compare the three record-based database models. According to you, which is the best model and why?
 - (c) Write short notes on:
 - (i) tuple
 - (ii) attribute
 - (iii) relation
 - (iv) key
 - (v) null
 - (d) Define Normalization and why is it done? Explain 1NF, 2NF, 3NF and 4NF with suitable examples.